



# duraDisc™

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## CARE AND MAINTENANCE GUIDE

**duraDisc™** is a versatile rehabilitation and training tool. Ideal for physiotherapists, doctors, trainers, coaches, yoga, pilates practitioners and the home exerciser.

Your **duraDisc™** is ready to use. It needs to have a negative pressure in it for maximum benefits. This means the **duraDisc™** should "hollow out" when lying flat.

YOU SHOULD NOT NEED TO ADD AIR FOR NORMAL USE.

**duraDisc™** is made of Duralon™, which is a form of PVC. It is 33cm across and 6cm deep. It comes in a variety of colours.

**duraDisc™** has a rubber grommet as a valve. When inflating or deflating the **duraDisc™** use a Needle Valve connection. Do not use Vaseline™ or any similar type of lubricant as it will corrode the rubber grommet. Be careful not to push the valve through when inserting the pump connection. Any damage to the grommet will void Warranty conditions.

### **duraDisc™** is ideal....

**as a seat:** Encourages an upright posture.  
Strengthens core muscles and assists with pain relief.  
Allows pelvic tilting

**for training:** For mobilisation, strengthening, stabilisation, co-ordination, balance, and proprioception.

**as rehabilitation:** Excellent for improving proprioception and functional stability and range of motion throughout the entire rehabilitation process.

BALANCE ATHLETES  
fall prevention YOGA  
PILATES CHILDREN strength  
REHABILITATION ELDERLY stretching  
ATHLETES REHABILITATION



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# duraDisc™ EXERCISES

## CORE & BACK STRENGTHENING (Segmental)

These work on the muscles around the lumbar spine.

## ABS (Anterior)

These work the muscles in the front of your trunk.

## LOW BACK STRENGTH (Posterior)

These work the muscles in the back of your trunk.

## SPORT & ACTIVITY (Lateral)

These work on the muscles across the front of the core.



Keep your weight evenly distributed on your feet. Try to stand up straight and tall.



Maintain a natural curve in your spine. Lift left arm and right leg. Change.



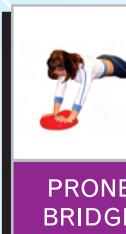
Place disc under your hips. Keep your chin in and squeeze your shoulder blades together as you lift your chest off the floor.



Stand up straight. Keep ideal posture while you alternate weight on left and right foot.



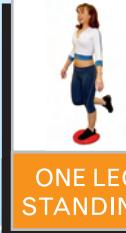
### HALF SQUATTING



### PRONE BRIDGE



### SUPINE HIP EXTENSION



### ONE LEG STANDING

**IMPORTANT: IF YOU LOSE FORM,  
STOP THE EXERCISE.  
PRACTICE QUALITY NOT QUANTITY**

We have divided these exercises into 4 categories based on stabilisation of the core musculature.



### KNEELING

Keep your weight evenly distributed. Bend at the hips and knees at the same rate.



### SIT & BALANCE

Keep your weight evenly distributed and maintain a natural curve in your spine. Hold in this position for up to 60 seconds.



### SUPINE BRIDGE FEET ON DISC

Keep weight evenly distributed. Use your buttocks to lift your pelvis up so that your knees, hips and shoulders form a straight line.



### LUNGE

Stand up straight and tall. Keep weight on one foot and maintain natural curves in spine. Hold for up to 60 seconds, then change legs.



### SITTING

Keep your weight evenly distributed. Try to be upright and in good posture. Keeping your feet off the floor increases difficulty.



### BALL ROLL

Sit on the disc. Maintain a natural curve in your spine and lift your feet off the floor.



### SIDE PLANK

Keep your weight evenly distributed. Place your head and shoulders on the ball. Hold your body straight for 30 - 60 seconds.

Keep feet in line with your hips. With weight even on both feet, slowly lower hips down and up, while maintaining natural curves in your spine.



Sit on disc on a hard surface. Tilt your pelvis forwards, backwards and sideways. Try to keep your shoulders fixed.

Kneel on the disc. With forearms on the ball, maintain a natural curve in your spine and roll the ball out as far as you can.

These exercises can be made more or less challenging, depending on your level of balance and fitness, eg. close your eyes to force more nervous control.

Maintain natural curves in your spine. With weight on one elbow, lift up through your hips so your body forms a straight line.